

Commissioners Meeting 7 May 2024, An Lóchran, Inverness

AGENDA

Item	Item	Paper	Action	Lead
no		no		
	Welcome/Apologies			
	Declarations of Interest			
1.	Minutes of the previous meeting	1	For agreement	Chair
2.	Commissioner Updates		For information	Commissioners
3.	Land Reform Bill Update	Verbal Briefing	For information	Hamish Trench
4.	Land Reform Bill Draft submission to NZET committee – Call for views • Draft Submission	2 Annex A	For agreement	Hamish Trench
5.	Vacant land and derelict land progress report – update on key findings.	3	For discussion	David Stewart
6.	Land governance workstream – research on international experience in natural resource governance – update on phrase 1 of research.	4	For information	James MacKessack- Leitch
7.	Quarterly Progress report – Q4 of 2023/24	5 Annex A Annex B Annex C Annex D Annex E	For discussion	Hamish Trench
8.	Medium term financial planning	6	For discussion	Hamish Trench
9.	Conference Update • Conference Programme	7 Annex A	For information	Scarlett Macfarlane
10.	AOB			

12pm - 1.30pm Photo's - Room 0.03

1.30pm - 3.30pm - Rural land for Housing (Roundtable) meeting Room 0.01 & 0.02

Please note sandwiches will be provided from 12pm in room 0.01



Minute of the meeting of the Scottish Land Commissioners held on 5 March 2024 at An Lóchran, Inverness.

Commissioners Present: Michael Russell (Chair) Lorne MacLeod, Sally Reynolds, Deb Roberts (Land Commissioners) Bob McIntosh (Tenant Farming Commissioner)

In Attendance: Hamish Trench, Nikki Nagler, Emma Cooper, David Stewart, Claire Bremner, Caron Munro, Scarlett Macfarlane, Felicity Peall (Scottish Land Commission)

Apologies: Craig Mackenzie (Land Commissioner)

Declarations of interest: None

1. Minutes of previous meeting 6 February 2024

The minutes were agreed as a true and accurate reflection of the discussion held: No amendments required.

2. Commissioners Updated

Commissioners provided an update on their activities since the last Board meeting, with the attendance to the Rural Housing conference by Lorne in February. The Commissioners expressed their desire to attend more meeting in the future to support the Scottish Land Commission.

3. Land Reform Bill

Hamish introduced a brief follow up on the Land Reform Bill, confirming that the Cabinet Secretary is eager to introduce regular meetings with the Land commission. It was agreed that a strong positive communication to be prepared in advance to the Land Reform Bill being released.

Action: 24030501	Prepare communications update to the impending release of the
	Land Reform Bill.

4. Audit and Risk Committee Chair Report

Lorne introduced the paper and provided key points from the recent ARC meeting, noting that it was Craig and Deb (commissioners) first ARC committee meeting. It was noted that public finance will continue to be tightened and have agreed that flexibility is now not an option.

Scottish land commission - Commissioners Board Meeting minutes 2024.03.05

5. 24/25 Business Plan and Budget

Hamish presented the 24/25 Business Plan and budget confirming a clear plan of priorities while expressing the flexibility required due to the impending Land Reform Bill. Confidence was shown on the delivery.

24/25 budget has shown a tight budget for the coming financial year with all commitments laid out from the start. HR & IT tenders currently are out to tender, HR Tender consists of training, payroll and occupational Health main areas of HR are now supported in-house. IT Tender is mainly made up of fixed license costs.

Board agreed the annual business plan subject to minor amendments and findings of additional savings with the budget to reduce over-programming.

Action: 24030502	Adjustments to be made on website review and Comms support in the 24/25
	Budget

6. Communications - Website and Brand accessibility review

Adjustment of the agenda, moving the discussion of communication papers from the 7th to the 6th position.

Scarlett initiated the discussion by presenting her paper, emphasising the necessity to address the overall branding concerns. The issues highlighted included outdated fonts, stability concerns with business from agencies, and an evaluation of the website's current effectiveness.

Scarlett outlined the challenges and limitations, highlighting the existing disconnect in the current branding strategy. An agreement emerged regarding the need for a comprehensive brand audit. Concerns were raised by board members regarding constraints in public expenditure. There was a discussion on whether a refocus or a complete rebranding would be the best practice.

Action: 24030503	Conduct an internal brand audit to identify issues and areas for improvement.
Action: 24030504	Evaluate the feasibility of a phased approach to website improvement.
Action: 24030505	Consider refocusing efforts on foundational website elements before introducing new features.
Action: 24030506	Assess potential costs associated with the proposed changes.

7. Land for Housing

David introduced his paper on Land for Housing "scoping the next steps" for discussion, Board discussed the increase in town regenerations (living) and the published research by Glasgow university, the depopulation strategy developed by the Scottish government and the impending land rural housing report that is due to be released May. It was agreed by the Board that we need to clear on the actions we wish to take around Land for housing with an action upheld of a roundtable meeting to arrange for after the May Board meeting with key stakeholders.

Action: 24030507	Arrange after May Board a Round table meeting between Commissioners and	
	other key stakeholders within the Highlands and Island demographic.	

8. Natural Capital Work and Context

The Board welcomed the overview given by Emma of our current work and the wider context of the Scottish Government programme, agreeing our focus should continue to be on a) supporting implementation of community benefit and b) addressing the wider risks that natural capital value could reinforce the concentration of land ownership and benefit.

9. Cyber Security Briefing

Claire provided a brief on the importance of email security and provided advice on what to look out for, for example email address, sign off and email content that might entice the receiver to open an attachment. Claire gave personal experience of Cyber security and how it can hit anyone.

Discussions around the need to be extra vigilant at all times. It was confirmed that a phishing campaign had been delivered with a successful outcome, highlighting weakest link is human error. recently to ensure all Staff members are aware of the signs of a cyber-attack and how to react in response to one.

The Subject of communication if we were all to go offline. Nikki confirmed that we have a prepared Comms and is looking to update the communication in the near future.

Action: 24030508 | Arrange Cyber Security training for the board of commissioners.

10. Freedom of Information Briefing

Caron briefed the Board on our obligations regarding Freedom of Information requests stating under the Freedom of Information (Scotland) Act 2002 that anyone can request information and once a request has been received the Commission has 20 days to make a response. Caron highlighted that everything we do is FOI'able and that once a request has been made records should not be deleted. Advise was given around the use of using personal devices and WhatsApp texts, due to the challenges faced with managing communications channels and security concerns and difficulty in retaining information.

Action: 24030509 | Commissioners to receive up to date training on Freedom of Information.

11. Casework Update

Emma briefed the Board on recent Casework and discussed the outcomes of recent cases. The Board was happy with the casework carried out by Emma and her team.

12. Human Rights Bill Scrutiny

Discussion was introduced on the Human Rights Bill and the importance of implementing human rights in practice.

Date of Next Meeting: 07 May 2024

Scottish Land Commission March 2024



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PAPER 2

Land Reform Bill - Draft submission to NZET Committee Call for Views

Purpose:	To consider the draft submission to the NZET Committee's call for views on the land reform bill		
Previous board papers:	N/A		
Action required:	For agreement		

The Land Reform Bill was introduced to Parliament on 13th March and Parliament has designated the Net Zero, Energy and Transport (NZET) Committee as the lead committee.

The Committee has opened a Call for Views on the Bill, seeking responses to 31 questions, to be submitted by 21st May. This forms a key part of the Stage 1 consideration by Parliament, on the general principles of the Bill.

The Commission intends to submit a response to the Committee's Call for Views, drawing on our published research and our advice to Ministers. The Committee may in due course ask the Commission to give evidence to the Committee, based on our submission.

Annex A provides a draft submission for the Questions on Part 1 of the Bill for consideration. We also intend to respond to the questions on Part 2 (tenant farming), to be informed by engagement with the Tenant Farming Advisory Forum.

The board is asked to consider and agree our submission, key revisions or additions sought and arrangements for sign-off to enable submission by 21st May.

Hamish Trench Chief Executive



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PAPER 3 Vacant and Derelict Land – Review of Progress

Purpose: To inform the Board of key findings from research into of re-use of Vacant and Derelict Land and discuss next		
Business Plan context:	5. Advising on policy and practice to support land development and regeneration: Review progress to support momentum in tackling vacant and derelict land	
Previous board papers:	June 2020; October 2023	
Action required:	For discussion	

1. Introduction and Background

Our 23/24 Business Plan set out the intention to undertake a stock-take of action to support re-use of Vacant and Derelict Land undertaken since the 2020 publication of the Vacant and Derelict Land Task Force recommendations.

To do this we commissioned research to enable us to assess progress, highlight where further focus is required and maintain momentum in the re-use of vacant and derelict land.

2. Scope of Research

The research, undertaken by Ryden:

- sets out the changes in the (supportive) policy environment;
- lists and analyses the funds and policies that support land re-use;
- provides updated data on land re-use and the extent of vacant land;
- reviews progress with different categories of re-use (e.g. housing, greenspace);
- reviews progress with re-use with previously set site typologies (including a review of progress with 60 previously identified sites);

provides in-depth case studies where long vacant land has been re-used.

3. Key Findings

Positive Policy Environment

The report finds that re-use of VDL is now more thoroughly embedded in land use strategy and policy, with changes since the Taskforce recommendations including:

NPF4

The new <u>National Planning Framework 4</u> (NPF4). NPF4 has two clear overriding objectives – to deliver net zero and to support biodiversity net gain. For urban development, this will require a change to our approach to the way we create new places with a focus on land re-use and the creation of higher density 20-minute neighbourhoods.

Infrastructure Investment Plan

The <u>IIP</u> sets out priorities for major capital investment for five years to 2026. It prioritises progress to net zero and sets out a use hierarchy which prioritises re-use over new build.

National Economic Transformation Strategy

The strategy sets out plans to move to a wellbeing economy. Key elements are the transition to net zero and reducing inequality. A focus on land re-use and the circular economy is an important part of the <u>strategy</u>.

Future Policy Reforms:

Reform of Compulsory Purchase Orders (CPOs) and Introduction of Compulsory Sales Orders (CSOs)

The Scottish Government has committed to review and reform CPO legislation in the Programme for Government, and to consider the proposal for Compulsory Sales Orders. CPOs and CSOs have the potential to enable re-use of vacant and derelict land and buildings.

Re-use of VDL

Re-use of Vacant Land has increased since the Task Force report was published – when the review was published Scotland had just under 11,000 ha of land on the VDL Register. That figure has reduced to 9,237 ha. This is welcome progress, but it remains the case that half of Scotland's population lives within 1 kilometre of a vacant and derelict site.

The report finds the flow of new sites coming on to the register has also slowed.

Encouragingly the report finds that 20% of the most challenging long term vacant sites have been re-used, with the most likely re-use for residential development. Overall, housing accounts for 51% of sites re-used.

Delivery of Task Force Recommendations

KLTR Ownerless Property Transfer Scheme: in March this year the King's and Lord Treasurer's and Remembrancer launched its Ownerless Property Transfer Scheme (OPTS). The scheme offers to transfer ownerless properties to groups who demonstrate that they can bring properties back into a use in the public interest. The scheme is a direct result of work by the Scottish Land Commission and is a tool to increase community ownership and productive re-use of vacant land and buildings. SLC continues to support the work of the KLTR in this area, with Gemma Campbell representing the Commission on the OPTS Advisory Panel. Further details can be found on their website: https://www.kltr.gov.uk/bona-vacantia/ownerless-property-transfer-scheme-opts

Launch of Vacant and Derelict Land Scotland Hub - the first recommendation made by the VDL Task Force was for better use of data to enable re-use of vacant and derelict land, including digital, searchable information. The Scottish Government and the Improvement Service have developed an online searchable map of vacant and derelict land in response to this. It is expected to launch in the next month as the Scottish Vacant and Derelict Land Information Hub.

The Vacant and Derelict Land Improvement Programme is a challenge fund that was introduced by the Scottish Government in response to the Task Force recommendations. The programme has supported many excellent land re-use projects since its introduction (as noted in the Ryden report). Unfortunately, both the VDLIP and the Regeneration Capital Grant (another fund that has supported land re-use) have been suspended this year due to the tight fiscal environment.

Areas needing further focus

Given financial and market challenges the report suggests that sustaining the current rate of re-use would be a reasonable aim in the short-term.

The research notes that funding for VDL re-use has improved, but that a further shift to regional, patient capital rather than one-off competitive rounds would likely achieve further progress.

It highlights the lack of specific funding to support re-use by the private sector (compared to England which has a significant fund to support land re-use which is open to private developers).

It also notes the different needs of major area-based interventions and small infill sites, which will continue to need different resource and capacity support.

The report also identifies an opportunity for further work to embed the approach to taking wider economic, social and nature value into account in appraisal and finance decisions, building on the work the Commission published looking at full economic appraisal.

4. How We Use This Report

We see three ways to use the research report:

- a) To inform recommendations for further action;
- b) To communicate and celebrate progress;
- c) To support the work of others and maintain a national focus on re-sue of vacant and derelict land.

The Commission's role in relation to vacant and derelict land is one of providing leadership, research and a convening function to maintain a national focus on reusing these sites. Delivery is in the hands of others.

Recommendations for further action

We propose the Commission should draw from the Ryden report recommendations for key actions that would deliver further re-use. These would address key issues identified in the report including a shift to longer term strategic funding rather than short-term competitive funds, the role of financing with private developers, and the opportunity to further develop green infrastructure investment.

We propose to consider these areas further with key partners before seeking the board's agreement to further recommendations.

Communicating and celebrating progress

The research report highlights a significant reduction in the total amount of vacant and derelict land. Giving this recognition can help maintain and further develop momentum. The report also contains a wealth of data, statistics and case studies and we propose to explore the communications opportunities to use this more widely to engage people in the issues and the work of the Commission.

Supporting others and maintaining a national focus

The research can help inform and guide the work of many partners who have a delivery role. We will engage with key organisations to discuss the findings, implications and opportunities.

Publication

We are speaking with key partners prior to publication and will publish the report together with a briefing paper by the Commission and, if agreed, recommendations for action.

Conclusion

Three years on from the Taskforce recommendations this research shows significant progress in re-use of vacant and derelict land. There is positive change on the ground as well as changes in policy and practice that respond to the Taskforce's recommendations.

The Commission should use this report to share and communicate this progress and positive impact and to stimulate further focus and momentum on re-use of vacant and derelict land.

David Stewart

Policy and Practice Lead



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PAPER 4

Natural Resource Governance Research

Purpose:	To update Commissioners on progress with research on Natural Resource Governance
Previous board papers:	N/A
Action required:	For information

Background and Progress to Date

The Centre for Local Economic Strategies (CLES) was commissioned by the Scottish Land Commission to undertake an analysis of mechanisms and governance approaches to securing public value from natural resources. The aim of this research is to build an understanding of how different approaches to natural resource management can deliver public and community value, with a focus on governance structures which can retain and generate this value.

The research is broken into two phases, of which Phase 1 is now complete. This phase of the research focussed on identifying the main issues in relation to retaining/obtaining public and community value through natural resource management, as well as shortlisting case studies for development in Phase 2.

The findings present a comprehensive literature review exploring three key research questions:

- 1. How have past/do current mechanisms for capturing natural resource value effect the flow of wealth within local economies?
- 2. How do ownership and governance structures influence the ways in which citizens broadly control the wealth invested in/generated by natural resource value?
- 3. How do ownership and governance structures influence the non-market value that can be derived from natural resources, and how can this influence local communities and wider society?

The Phase 1 report begins with a critical analysis of natural capital wealth flows using a community wealth building (CWB) lens. It then moves on to the literature review where it addresses the research questions through different models of ownership, different natural resource management and different scales of governance. It moves

on to demonstrate the different case studies selected and poses the Phase 2 research questions.

The literature review draws on evidence from onshore and offshore wind, oil and gas, and water governance, covering themes including: community ownership; shared ownership; tax; national resource companies; disturbance payments; public ownership and procurement; land ownership; and investor motivations.

In addition, the Phase 1 report outlines a longlist of fourteen prospective case studies for deeper exploration, which demonstrate different forms of value derived from approaches to natural resource management and natural capital. Six case studies for further exploration in Phase 2 have been identified and rationale has been given for their selection.

Next Steps

The immediate output from Phase 1 will be a longlist of case studies document (currently in development with the Comms Team), due to be published ahead of Conference. A member of the CLES team will be a speaker on the afternoon panel discussion.

The Phase 2 work is underway, looking in more detail at the six shortlisted case studies, identifying common themes and insights to draw conclusions about overarching barriers and enablers to delivering public/community value from investment in, and use of, natural resource value, with a focus on investment/reinvestment and governance structures. This will form the basis for the critical analysis.

The critical analysis will draw together findings from Phase 1 and 2, to articulate principles for natural resource governance, lessons for Scotland, and if appropriate, recommendations for policy.

Phase 2 is due to be complete by mid-July, and we anticipate the final combined report will be published in the autumn.

Board Action

Commissioners are asked to note the progress to date, and the intended next steps.

James MacKessack-Leitch Policy & Practice Lead



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PAPER 5

Quarterly Progress Report

Purpose:	To review quarterly progress for Qtr. 4		
Previous board papers:	February 2024 Quarterly Progress Report		
Action			
required:	For discussion		

The quarterly progress reports maintain oversight of progress against the Business Plan through the year. This report covers the final quarter of the 23/24 Business Plan. The table below shows current status against the Strategic Plan KPIs.

KPI MEASUREMENT	2023/24 TARGET	Progress		
DELIVERY				
% of planned outputs in	95%	Delivered/On track: 82%		
annual business plans delivered		Delayed/Changed: 18%		
denvered		See ANNEX A		
STAKEHOLDER RELATION	NS			
Feedback as reported through perceptions audits	Maintain or increase perceived impact	Next audit due 2024		
STAFF SATISFACTION				
% reported staff satisfaction in staff surveys	Increase	Nov 2023: 62% relatively or extremely satisfied		
FINANCE				
End of year out-turn	Within 2% of total allocated budget	See ANNEX B – projected 4%		

The report comprises four annexes:

a) Delivery Progress: Annex A sets out the RAG assessment and progress commentary for delivery against our 23/24 Business Plan. Highlights in Quarter 4 include:

- Delivery of significant commissioned research on vacant and derelict land, rural housing and natural resource governance and rural land market insights;
- Events and engagement supporting land rights and responsibilities leadership;
- Preparation for consideration of land reform bill.
- **b)** Finance Review: Annex B provides a summary of our budget position at the year-end. Please note this is not a final out-turn position due to some final adjustments that are made through the annual reporting process.
- c) Audit and Risk: The Strategic Risk Register is provided at Annex C.
- **d) Communications**: Annex D provides a summary of communications activity over Quarter 4 and a look ahead.

Other Updates

Staffing

During Quarter 4 we welcomed Scarlett Macfarlane as Communications and Engagement Manager, Megan Donnelly as Finance Officer and Felicity Peall on a permanent basis as Corporate Services Assistant.

The externally funded post of Communities and Green Finance Project Lead in partnership with the Cairngorms National Park Authority is currently being recruited.

Claire Bremner (Finance and Business Systems Lead) will be leaving the Commission in August and we have begun recruitment for this post.

Hamish Trench Chief Executive

*RAG Status:	Delivery on	track Del	ivery delayed or changed	Risk of non-delivery	
Theme	Priority	Activity	Planned Outputs	Progress Commentary	RAG
Reforming land rights	Providing advice and evidence to Scottish Government, Parliament and stakeholders on the proposed Land Reform Bill and other Bills where relevant	Provide evidence and advice to Scottish Government, Parliament and stakeholders to support development of the Land Reform Bill, as well as Agriculture, CWB and Human Rights Bills	Advice & evidence on land reform bill through parliamentary process Advice to inform the Community Wealth Building Bill (see Tenant Farming re Advice on Agric Bill)	Research on learning from French experience of SAFER model published Nov; Summary of SLC research & recommendations published; Initial comms published on introduction of LR Bill. Response to CWB Bill submitted. Work on Common Good rescheduled to 24/25	
			Human Rights Advisory Forum - regular meetings/advice	1 meeting held in Qtr 3 focused on recent legal updates and SLC work	
	Providing advice for policy and practice on diversifying the pattern of land ownership	Review and promote practical ways to diversify the ownership and governance of land holdings	Community Land Ownership Leadership Group re-established to coordinate leadership in developing community land ownership & governance	Meeting held in Qtr 4 focused on asset transfer; CLLG notified of bill and CRTB review by Minister – for 24/25 workplan. SLC supported development of Community Land Academic Network research portal.	
			Advice and guidance publications to support the sector to diversify ownership and governance	23/24 work complete Briefing paper on governance published; Guidance on disposals policy for land owners ready for publication; Stakeholder event on governance futures held Nov. Work progressing in 24/25 Business Plan	
			Work with land owners to support and test a range of practical approaches to	Land Governance Adviser in post Qtr 3 and project plan in place. Commissioned discussion paper on	

			diversifying governance and ownership Collaboration with Crown Estate Scotland to pilot Community	Woodland Crofts ready for publication; collaboration on small-scale land holdings to continue in 24/25 incl collaboration with Crofting Commission Project Manager appointed by CES; Project formally started Qtr 3,	
			Ownership Accelerator initiative to enable community land acquisition	project board in place. Phase 1 underway with legal advice, stakeholder engagement, process design.	
Reforming land markets	Providing advice for policy and practice on natural capital, the land market and a just transition	Keep under review the implications of emerging natural capital value in the land market	Rural land markets insight and analysis publications and long-term monitoring approach agreed with partners	2022 Land market insights report published Qtr 1; Land market data report published Nov. Partnership for next 3 years agreed with SRUC. Insights report for 2023 year received, work ongoing for data report in 24/25 business plan.	
		Advise on responsible approaches to securing community benefit from natural capital investment and value	Advice on community benefit in natural capital investment to inform SG market framework	Completed & ongoing 24/25. Co-lead on community benefits in SG PINC working group. Community benefits principle adopted by BSI UK Gov nature market standards work. Phase 1 of research on international experience in governance of natural resources completed Qtr 4. Phase 2 in 24/25 business plan.	
			Encourage adoption of good practice in delivering community benefit in	Completed & ongoing in 24/25. Recruiting for Communities &	

	Providing advice for policy and practice on land development and	Review progress to support momentum in tackling vacant and derelict land	natural capital projects by providing support, advice and publishing guidance Stock-take of action on delivering the recommendations of the Vacant and Derelict Land Taskforce	Green Finance Project Lead; funding for further posts in progress. Community Benefits Advisory Group well attended. Ongoing advice to landowners, communities and investors. Scope agreed by board Oct; Research report completed Qtr 4 for publication/next steps in 24/25	
	regeneration	Support more effective approaches to land assembly for housing and development	Community of practice to support and develop negotiated approaches to land assembly & contribute to NPF4 Delivery Plan	business plan. Internal scoping of approach completed Qtr 1 & informed by stakeholder workshop Aug; Approach reshaped Qtr 4 following SG discussions. Stand-alone group considered not most effective route. To be taken forward through 24/25 business plan.	
			Advice to support Remote, Rural and Islands Housing Plan and rural repopulation pilots	Participation in SG Planning, Infrastructure & Place Advisory Group; advised SG on rural & Islands Action Plan; using published research to inform options; New rural housing research underway for reporting 24/25 Qtr 1. Board roundtable on housing scheduled 7 May.	
Responsible land ownership and use	Strengthening practical implementation of the Land Rights and Responsibilities	Deliver an effective Good Practice Programme to support land owners, managers and communities to	Promote refreshed Good Practice Advice Service to support the practical implementation of LRRS Respond to casework enquiries and	Put on hold to 24/25 due to evolving context with Land Reform Bill See Quarterly casework report	
allu use	Statement (LRRS)	implement in practice the	requests for advice on LRRS implementation	,,	

		principles of the LRRS across urban and rural Scotland.	Develop further approaches to LRRS self-assessments, identifying opportunities to scale-up in 2024/25	Refreshed template being piloted; Leadership in good practice event in Q4 in LLTNP	
			Improve access to and uptake for internally created learning resources, tools and guides	Preparing changes to improve website information delayed to 24/25 due to staff vacancies	
			Deliver a programme of CPD training on LRRS for land agents	Reprioritised due to staff vacancies – scoping disc held Qtr 4, first event scheduled for 12 th June 2024	
			Work with Scottish Forestry and the forestry sector to improve approaches to community engagement and benefit	Supporting Confor with engagement training; new guidance from SF published on engagement.	
			Publish a report on casework and advice to inform future policy and practice	Completed.	
Tenant Farming	Tenant Farming Commissioner (TFC)	Support good relations between agricultural landlords	Codes of Practice and Guidance	New Guidance on Tree Planting developed	
		and tenants	Casework enquiries and advice on implementation of Codes and Guidance	Ongoing casework	
			Mediation panel	No applications to date; review with mediators undertaken with refresh planned 24/25	
		Statutory appointment of valuers as per Relinquishment and Assignation legislation	Review of procedures and guidance, maintain valuers panel and valuer appointments made within statutory timescale	Advised SG on proposed amendments for clarity in legislation.	
		Seek relevant advice to the sector on matters of legal uncertainty through s38	Guidance publication following Land Court determination on resumption in limited duration tenancies	No further action needed	
		Provide advice to Scottish Government to support	Advice in relation to new housing standards in agricultural holdings and	TFAF meetings held Apr/May/June/Oct/Feb advising	

enactment o	f 2016 Act and on relevant proposals in	n the Agriculture SG on developme	ent of proposed
the implication	ons in the Bill	bill measures.	
Agriculture B	ill for the		
tenanted sec	tor		
the findings a recommenda	Re-survey and review implementation againtions of the 2018 e Operation of	·	and awaiting
Stakeholder	engagement Tenant Farming Advi	isory Forum Five TFAF meeting additional consultations	•

Strategic Plan			Original Budget	Revised Budget								Total spend	Unprofiled against
Theme	Business Plan Priority	Staff Lead	Allocation	Allocation	Q1 Actual	Q2 Actual	Q3 Actual	Q4 Profiled	Q4 actual	Variance	Explanation for varience	to date	budget
Commissioners	Commissioners meetings	Hamish Trench	500				716	300	435	135		2,024	-824
	Commissioners training and				240	(0	2700	978	-1722			
	developmen	Hamish Trench	3000	3000								1,218	1,782
	Commissioners travel and				3033	2849	2809	2967	4281	1314			
	subsistence	Hamish Trench	11000									12,972	-1,972
	Commissioners fees	Hamish Trench	59500	59500	14443			13733	14435	702		57,763	1,737
Total					18421	17459		19700	20129	429		73,977	
Staffing	Staff payroll/on-costs	Hamish Trench	1072000	1000000	223122	205300		322287	290768	-31519		932,536	67,464
	Recruitment	Hamish Trench	2500	3000	438	2189		2422	2928	506		7,094	-4,094
					4224	3416	6567		11819	3319			
	Staff travel and subsistence	Hamish Trench	22000	22000				8500				26,027	-4,027
	Staff training and				8	2394	7607		16157	6992			
	development	Nikki Nagler	25000	25000				9165				26,166	-1,166
Total					227793	213299		342374	321673	-20702		991,823	
					94	93	96		327	-4736			
Communications	Communications campaigns	Nikki Nagler	15000	15000				5063				610	14,390
	Communications Support	Nikki Nagler	25000	25000	4142	5909		5910	9495	3585		25,456	-456
	Design and Printing	Nikki Nagler	10000	20000	54			2000	3613	1613		14,256	5,744
	Digital	Nikki Nagler	8000	8000	0			7670	1990	-5680		2,070	5,930
	Events	Nikki Nagler	15000	15000		160		120	6398	6278		8,866	6,134
	Communications monitoring				1421	224	3179		2391	-77			
	and review	Nikki Nagler	8000	8000				2468				7,216	784
	Internal Communications	Nikki Nagler	0	0	0	_	_	0	C	0		0	C
Total					7939	8153	18167	23231	24213	982		58,473	
Organisational				800	0	774	0			0			
Development	Climate Action	Nikki Nagler	500					0				774	
	External Meeting Costs	Nikki Nagler	1000	200	0	_	_	0	C	0		0	200
	HR Service	Nikki Nagler	15000	15050	262			10500	7986	-2514		15,615	-565
	Health, Safety, Environment			2000	259	C	240		2146	-54			
	& Quality	Nikki Nagler	3000					2200				2,645	-645
				1000	75	75	728		75	0			
	Insurance and bank charges	Nikki Nagler	1000					75				953	47
	IT Service	Nikki Nagler	75000	75000	23586	8203		10500	29603	19103		89,876	-14,876
	Legal Advice	Nikki Nagler	15000	20000	2400	6384	2400	3600	4800	1200		15,984	4,016
	Office Accommodation	Nikki Nagler	20000	20000	0	18000		0	C	0		18,000	2,000
	Office Supplies	Nikki Nagler	1000	1000	198	0	44		666	513		908	92
	Organisational Financial			56000	4990	3604	1310		43505	-2345			
	Performance	Nikki Nagler	48000					45850				53,408	2,592
	Research Capacity Building	Nikki Nagler	1000	1000		1000		11200	13400	2200		14,400	-13,400
	Subscriptions and			2500	1740	90	260		130	40			
	memberships	Nikki Nagler	2500					90				2,220	280
Total					33510	41652	37310	84168	102311	18143		214,784	-214,784
Tenant Farming	Mediation	Hamish Trench	3000	3600		3600		0	0500	0		3,600	- 0
	Review of agents	Hamish Trench	12000	12000		0		8640	8580	-60		8,795	3,205
Total					0	3600	215	8640	8580 2538	-60 -6463		12,395	-12,395
Responsible Land	Strengthening practical		1	5000	0				2538	-0463			
Ownership and	implementation of Land					l .							
Use	Rights and Responsibilities	Emma Cooper	5000		l .	0	126	9000		6100		2,664	2,337
Total					0		126	9000	2538	-6463		2,664	-2,664
Reforming land	Advice & Research to		45	9000	0			_		1 0			
rights	support Land Reform bill	Hamish Trench	15000		ļ .	C	8790	0	31907	-8438		8,790	210
	Diversifying the pattern of			51109	0	l .			31907	-6438			40
Teacl	land ownership	Hamish Trench	34109		_	0		40345	24	-8438		31,907	19,202
Total					0	С	8790	40345	31907 43273	-8438		40,697	-40,697
Reforming land	Land Development &	Hamish Townsh	F000	33000			0270	4000	43273	-2/91		F2 542	10.54
markets	Regeneration	Hamish Trench	5000			894	8376	46064	43686	4870		52,542	-19,54
	Natural Capital, land market		25	45000	603	l .		207	+3080	4870			
	& a just transition	Hamish Trench	25000			0	0	38816	00	2079		44,289	71:
Total					603	894	8376	84880	86959	2079		96,831	-96,83
			1							-		0	1
TOTAL			4.550	4 800	200 5	205	220	640	500	44.5		4 404	
EXPENDITURE			1,558,609	1,568,959	288,266	285,058	320,009	612,338	598,310	-14,029		1,491,643	77,316

GIA:	1,559,000
Total Spend	1,491,643
Unprofiled against GIA	67,357
Underspend	4.30%

Risk ID	Risk Description	Untreated	GROSS RISK Untreated Likelihood	Untreated Risk Score	Controls in Place	Control Effectiveness	Current	NET RISK Current Likelihood	Current Risk Score	Risk Movement	Risk Appetite	Action Taken/Planned	Target Risk	Target Review Date	Risk Owner
/ISION: Fai	r inclusive and productive system of o				d that delivers greater benefit for all the people of S	cotland	Impact	Likelinood	RISK SCOTE					Date	
	ORY: DELIVERY	-													
1	Catastrophic loss of systems resulting in the Commission not being able to operate as an organisation	5	4	20	Business continuity plan in place, cloud based IT system accessible outside of the office environment, cyber essentials plus accrediation, improved cyber security for log in to the network.	Effective	5	1	5	Stable	Averse	Cyber incident response plan approved by ARC. Achieved Cyber Essentials Plus for 2023. Multi factor authentication implemented for network access, updated antivirus software aligned to 5G recommendations. Colud network tested. Cyber security requirements embedded in retender for IT service. Potential increase in cyber threats due to current political environment. IT re-tender completed	5	Sep-24	Head of Communications and Corporate services
2	Ability to react quickly in matching resources to changes in priorities	3	3	8	Maintain team approach to delivery enabling staff to draw on capacity and expertise across the team as required; Quarterly progress reporting to Board	Effective	3	3	9	Increasing	Cautious	Improved cross-team working and quarterly planning with delivery tracker monitoring. 23/24 Business plan refreshed resourcing to current priorities. Staff posts reviewed as vacancies arise in order to remain aglie and refresh focus where necessary. Changes in corporate team structrue to improve resilience. Tight 23/24 budget limits ability to react to new asks/opporutnities.	4	Feb-24	CEO
3	Changes in Board appointments or failure to recruit timeously result in disruption to effective governance or lack of clarity in strategic direction	4	3	12	Recruitment to start 12 months ahead (SG responsibility). Plan succession timescales; ensure effective Strategic Plan in place Sept 23; Board induction processes refreshed and in place.	Partial	3	5	15	Stable	Minimalist	2023 appointments concluded, in place with induction arrangements and successful transition. 2024 recruitment process begun by SG with timeline agreed.	4	Dec-23	CEO
4	Emerging issues result in reactive policy making, and relationship management.	5	4	20	Proactive horizon scanning to anticipate future issues, work closely with stakeholders and put internal processes and measures in place for handling.	Partial	3	4	12	Stable	Minimalist	Working closely with stakeholders and sponsor team to identify potential issues in advance and take action. Clear case handling and internal communications procedures. Land Reform Bill publication provides more clarity of direction.	3	Mar-24	CEO
5	inconsistent or incoherent narrative relating to our body of work leading to inaccurate discussions around the wider land reform agenda	4	3	12	Develop strong narrative between role of land in economic recovery and delivering wellbeing economy, climate action, and reducing inequalities. Implement strategic communications plan, including maintaining strong digital and media presence; regular performance monitoring	Effective	2	1	2	Stable	Minimalist	Comms planning & improved team quarterly planning providing more joined up approach. Strategic plan and programme of work launched. Summary of research and recommendations published.	2	Sep-24	Head of Communications and Corporate services
6	Effective management of strong relationships with key stakeholders in policy development and also identify opportunities for collaboration, maximising the potential of relationships with a broad range of stakeholders.	5	4	20	All relevant stakeholders are identified and a clear engagement strategy put in place, Commission presence at key stakeholder evants, regular liaison meetings with stakeholders and periodic review of stakeholder analysis	Effective	2	2	4	Increasing	Open	Wide stakeholder engagement through policy development and communications. Ongoing and increasing IRB engagement. Structured engagement in Good Practice, Human Rights, Tenant Farming, Natural Capital & Strategic Plan. Relations and dynamics are changing with the LR bill and being taken into consideration.	4	Mar-24	CEO
7	Manage relationship across Scottish Government so that Commission's work is understood and recommendations are well received.	5	4	20	Ensure regular engagement between the Commission Chair and the Land Reform Minister, and between the Tenant Farming Commissioner and the Cab Sec for Rural Affairs. Ensure regular engagement between the CEO and the SG Sponsor and Policy Teams.	Effective	2	2	4	Stable	Open	Regular sponsorship & land reform team liaison in place. Engagement in other formal SG structures eg NSET Programme, EELG, Planning Advisory Group. Meeting with sponsor team and board held in September 23 and with Cab Sec Feb 24.	4	Sep-24	CEO
8	Failure to have in place or adhere to statutory or non-statutory corporate governance policies or procedures.	4	4	16	Ensure internal control system in place; Work to the production timetable for completion of all documents, and disseminate widely to ensure maximum awareness.	Effective	2	1	2	Stable	Minimalist	Using checklist of assurance controls; Draft annual accounts and report completed on planned timeline. Internal govenance refreshers delivered. New external auditors in place and 22/23 audit completed with clean audit report. Internal audit programme agreed.	1	Mar-24	CEO
9	The Commission fails to deliver to its allocated budget, resulting in reputational, administrative and governance failures.	5	4	20	Corporate and Business plan set appropriate budget allocations. Work to specified monitoring cycles, reporting requirements, and guidelines set out in the SPPM. Ensure correct adherence to authorisation procedures and delegated limits. Close monitoring of spend and profiled spend.	Effective	2	2	4	Stable	Averse	Internal Scheme of delegation in place, Quarterly board montroing in place. Monthly profiling to manage spend evenly through the financial year and to be kept under review. Peer review on budget management in rom NatureScot Mar 23 to support resilience improvements. Improvements to budget management & reporting identified Apr 23. New Finance officer role in place with reporting improvements.	1	Mar-24	CEO
10	ORY: STAFFING Staff turnover or absence due to lilness et resulting in loss of capacity for critical elements of business systems and delivery	5	4	20	Ensure good internal communication and provision of desk instructions for business critical functions. Resilence planning to ensure backup capacibility within staff team. Continuously seek to improve the working environment by monitoring and improving staff satisfaction and absence levels.	Partial	3	4	12	Increasing	Cautious	Internal policies prepared and series of deak instructions for critical tasks prepared. Continued review of HR policies & staff engagement. Careful monitoring of profities and epacity by MT and regular staff communication in place. Staff survey action plan in place. Origoing absence monitoring in place. Resilience improvements in corporate and comms team implemented. Recruitment for replacement Finance & Business Systems post increase risk over transition.	4	Sep-24	Head of Communications and Corporate services
11	Change in work priorities, competing expectations or insufficient prioritisation impacts on staff wellbeing	5	4	20	Open and transparent - hold regular staff meetings, keep all staff informed of big picture direction, changes in priorities/focus. Overview through management team. Strong internal comms and leadership from managers to ensure wellbeing of staff and manage move to new ways of working.	Effective	2	4	8	Stable	Cautious	Improved monthly staff meeting format in place. Imprioved quarterly resource planning through Management Team. Monthly conversations, effective line management. Capacity reviewed through teams. Regular pulse staff sur	3	Sep-24	CEO
12	Disruption to delivery and business systems as a result of some staff moving to more permanent options of home working	4	3	12	Preparing new policies, ways of working and adapting internal processes to ensure staff remain well connected across teams and the organisation. Organisational policy that no member of staff should be disadvantaged due to where they work.	Partial	1	1	1	Decreasing	Cautious	Home working policy outlines expectations for home working and monthly all staff team meetings to take place face to face. Office has hot desking and flexible working patterns in place. Closely monitoring and reviewing working practices, and adapting where needed. Office move completed with staff encouraged to meet face to face, routine of monthly in person all staff meetings.	1	Sep-24	Head of Communications and Corporate services

COMMUNICATIONS QUARTERLY REPORT Q4: JANUARY 2024 - MARCH 2024



This quarterly report covers the communications output during the period of 1 January 2024 to 31 March 2024. Within this report you will find analytics for the Commission's primary communications channels, including social, website, and press coverage for this period.

We have also highlighted our performance measured against the KPIs set out in the Strategic Plan and provided insight into overall performance for each channel during this quarter.

An overview of planned communications outputs for Q1 can be found below.

If you would like any further detail, or to discuss the information in this report, please contact Scarlett Macfarlane - scarlett.macfarlane@landcommission.gov.scot.

Month	Event/Activity
April	Conference registration opens
April	TCL Blog and op-ed
April	Design projects CLES report Conference materials Rural Land Markets Insights Report and Briefing Paper
April	Communities & Green Finance Project Lead recruitment
April	Bòrd na Gàidhlig annual reporting
May	Staff and Commissioners photography
May	Conference prep
May	Design projects Small scale briefing paper VDL progress review report and briefing paper
May	SLE Conference
June	SLC Conference
June	Royal Highland Show
June	Design projects Land for Rural Housing report

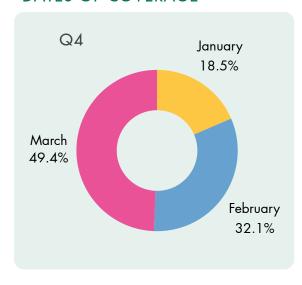
PRESS COVERAGE

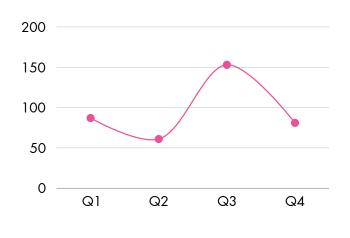
We worked with our PR agency in Q4 to achieve 81 press placements. The majority of press interest was around the introduction of the Land Reform Bill and we had cut through in a number of national publications with our response. Most of the coverage was achieved in sector specific publications and makes the case for focusing our efforts on opeds when discussing the Land Reform Bill.

We have also been working hard to raise our voice on the topic of housing and this is reflected in an increase of coverage on this topic. More activity on this topic is planned in Q1 and we hope to build on the momentum of the Town Centre Living roadshow to continue to raise visibility around our work on housing and development.

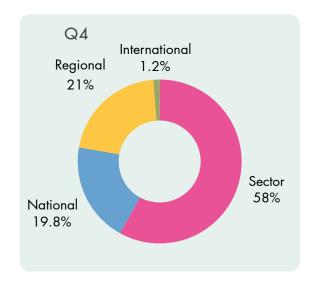
Our current KPI sets an expectation to achieve a 5% increase in media coverage year on year. However, as our work is dependent on supporting activity the Commission is able to deliver, this is not always possible and we saw a 15% decrease in coverage. For 24/25 we are reviewing our communications KPIs to ensure a more useful set of measures that will allow us to track cut through and engagement with our work.

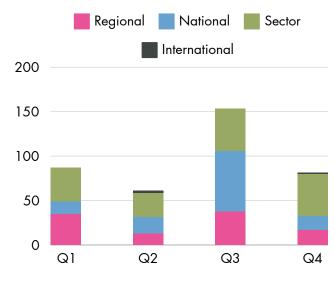
DATES OF COVERAGE



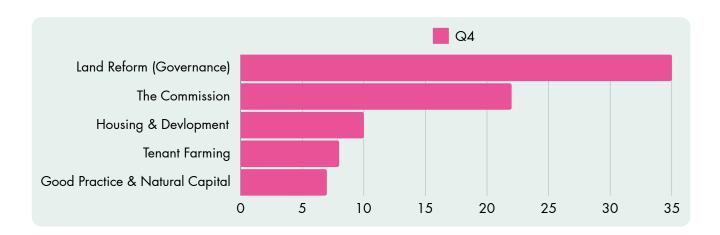


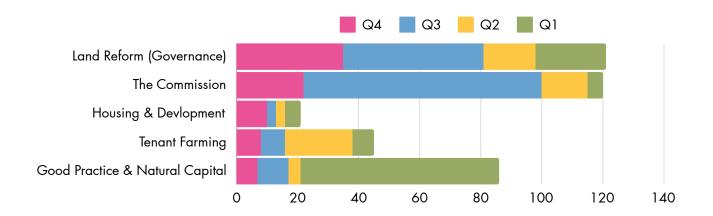
REGION OF COVERAGE



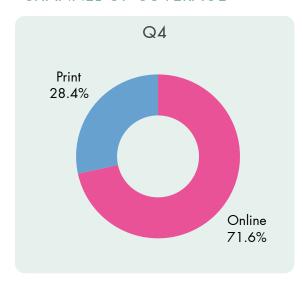


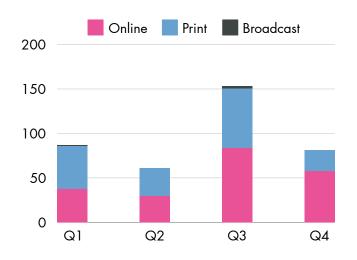
PRIORITY AREA COVERAGE





CHANNEL OF COVERAGE





SOCIAL MEDIA

Q4 has seen some milestone moments for the Commission's social media presence. Highlights have included reaching 3K followers on LinkedIn, an increase of 85% growth compared to 22/23. On Instagram we reached a higher proportion of non-followers than followers with our content, a signal that our content is beginning to reach new audiences.

70% OF OUR CONTENT ON INSTAGRAM IN Q4 WAS VIEWED BY NON-FOLLOWER ACCOUNTS



Engagement on Instagram also improved with our highest quarterly performance of the year. Likewise, on X, formerly known as Twitter, we achieved our highest quarterly increase in followers.

Across the year, we met 44% of our social media KPIs.

- Increase followers by 4% month on month on X
- Increase followers by 20%, build up presence and use for commentary on sector specific matters on LinkedIn
- increase followers by 10% on Instagram
- 6 opinion pieces published
- 🔀 Increase monthly engagement by 2% on X
- Increase followers by 4% month on month on Facebook
- 🔀 Increase engagement by 5% on Facebook
- 🔀 Increase engagement by 5% on Facebook
- Increase engagement by 5% on Instagram

EMAIL MARKETING

Due to resourcing within the team our level of email marketing activity was reduced in 23/24. Now back to capacity, we have been able to reinvigorate this channel and are starting to see meaningful results. Recently, we resubscribed to Mailchimp to sent a save the date for the upcoming conference to our subscribers. This resulted in 687 visits to our website and meant the conference events page appeared among our top 3 most visited pages (see website analytics report for more detailed performance metrics). The email achieved an open rate of 55% and we have onboard a further 45 subscribers in March, 62% of which were from a social post to sign up for conference updates, which is far in excess of a good email opening rate which sits at around 17-28%,

WEBSITE

A detailed Q4 website performance report has been developed in Google Looker Studio and will be circulated monthly in addition to the quarterly analytics reports (attached).

The website received 23,964 visits in Q4, down 6.1% compared to Q3. Q3 was a particularly active period for the website due to interest around the Rural Land Markets report and Board appointments contributing to the relative drop in traffic.

There were 13,111 new users to the site in Q4 and 9,847 returning users with the majority of traffic accessing our site from desktop devices. Social media accounted for 1.6K visits, with X being the primary acquisition channel.

The Land Reform Bill page received over 1K hits and the work with us page 816, an encouraging stat as we push to recruit the role of Communities & Green Finance Project Lead.

We met the KPI set of achieving >2,200 site visits per month throughout the year.

WHAT NEXT?

Based on the performance of the communications output in 23/24 there are a number of changes that are planned, they include:

- Development of new KPIs in line with the Strategic Plan reflecting a shift in focus to tracking:
 - Engagement on posts
 - Amplification of content (reposts/shares)
 - Accessibility of content (more short form video)
 - Prioritisation of LinkedIn
- Reinvigorating our email newsletter:
 - News round ups to be sent bi-monthly
 - Contact list being cleaned to allow for segmentation
 - Email a key driver of traffic to our website
- Improved tracking of website performance:
 - New analytics report has been developed and will be circulated monthly to senior management
 - Analysis of website traffic to be used to inform social content

GOOD PRACTICE CASEWORK 2023-24



Between April 2023 and March 2024 we handled 82 unique good practice enquiries and cases, an average of 20 per quarter.

CONTACT FROM:

Individual	31
Community organisation	17
Intermediary	8
Public Body	6
Private Landowner	5
Community Council	4
Investor	4
Proactive	2
Business	2
Academic	1
Charity	1
Various	1

ISSUES RAISED

Community Engagement	27
Good Stewardship	13
Diversification of Ownership & Ter	nure 12
Vacant and Derelict Land	10
Transparency	8
Common Good	4
Negotiated Transfer to Communit	ies 4
Natural Capital	2
Legislative Routes to Ownership	2

The most raised subject, as in previous years, was community engagement. Contacts about community engagement included landowners, managers and investors asking for advice and support, and communities raising issues about lack of or poor quality engagement.





TYPE OF OWNERSHIP

Private Landowner	34
Public body	16
Not specified	14
Various	11
Community Landowner	2
Charity	2
Community	1
Trust	1
Private company	1



LOCATION

We received contact from 18 local authority areas.

Highlands and Islands	23
Scotland Wide	18
Perth and Kinross	6
Aberdeenshire	6
Dumfries and Galloway	5
Argyll and Bute	4
Glasgow City	3
Scottish Borders	3

RESPONSES



Information provided or meeting(s) held - 48



Ongoing - 19



Signposted - 14

1 contact was not taken forward





Commissioners Meeting 07 May 2024

PAPER 6

Medium Term Financial Strategy

Purpose:	To consider budget scenarios and implications for medium term financial strategy
Business Plan context:	Medium term financial strategy
Previous board papers:	14 th February Paper 7: Medium Term Financial Strategy
Action required:	Discussion

Background

This paper looks at scenarios for our budget over five years ahead. It updates scenarios previously considered by the board in February 2023.

The context of public finances means that the Commission should plan ahead to consider the implications of reductions or increases in grant-in-aid, as well as a possible 'flat cash' settlement – ie no change to grant-in-aid meaning real-terms reductions. We should review what these scenarios would mean when matched with rising costs and consider the implications for our financial planning.

This paper takes a central planning scenario of flat grant-in-aid and rising costs, together with scenarios of 2% reduction and 2% increase in grant-in-aid. We have taken into account other possible scenarios but consider these the most plausible basis for financial planning.

Scenarios

All scenarios include the following core assumptions:

- Staffing costs assume that current fixed term posts are not continued beyond their end date;
- Permanent staff posts remain as current;
- Continuation of no compulsory redundancies policy;
- No significant changes in functions/operating model.

Potential implications of the Land Reform Bill

The Bill introduced to Parliament proposes significant new functions for an additional Land and Communities Commissioner, a role that would be added to the board of the Commission and which the Commission would be responsible for supporting in implementing their functions. The Bill also proposes additional functions for the Tenant Farming Commissioner, including bringing small landholdings within the scope of the TFC.

If enacted as set out, these new functions will bring a significant additional resource requirement that is over and above what the Commission currently delivers. The Commission would not be able to absorb these functions within its existing staffing and budget.

The financial memorandum accompanying the bill states that the Commission will require additional resources to deliver the proposed functions. It indicates that additional resource would be phased in over a five year period as the measures in the bill are implemented. In total it estimates that resource in the region of £570,000 pa would be required at the point of full implementation for the proposed measures.

At this stage there remains considerable uncertainty about the exact nature of the functions that will be agreed by parliament and the timescale on which they will be implemented. The scenarios considered here are therefore based on the Commission's current functions as a baseline. The Commission will be seeking early discussions with our sponsor team so that our funding takes into account and anticipates the preparatory work as well as the implementation requirements of new functions as the bill progresses.

The three scenarios considered are:

1. Central Planning Scenario:

- Flat grant-in-aid remains at £1.6M for 5 years (annual real terms reduction)
- Staff costs rise 5% year-on-year
- Other fixed costs rise 3% year-on-year

	24/25	25/26	26/27	27/28	28/29	29/30
Grant-in-Aid	1,600,000	1,600,000	1,600,000	1,600,000	1,600,000	1,600,000
Staff costs	1,065,288	1,118,552	1,174,480	1,233,204	1,294,864	1,359,607
(permanent)						
Staff costs	86942	65133	0	0	0	0
(fixed term)						
Commissioner	62000	63,240	64,504	65,794	67,109	68,452
costs						
Corporate	194000	199820	205,814	211,989	218,348	224,899
fixed costs						
Total fixed	1,408,230	1,446,745	1,444,798	1,510,987	1,580,321	1,652,958
costs						
Available	191,770	153,255	155,202	89,013	19,679	(52,958)
programme						
spend						

2. 2% Reduction Scenario:

- 2% year-on-year reductions in grant-in-aid
- Staff costs rise 5% year-on-year
- Other fixed costs rise 3% year-on-year

	24/25	25/26	26/27	27/28	28/29	29/30
Grant-in-Aid	1,600,000	1,568,000	1,536,640	1,505,907	1,475,789	1,446,273
Staff costs	1,065,288	1,118,552	1,174,480	1,233,204	1,294,864	1,359,607
(permanent)						
Staff costs	86942	65133	0	0	0	0
(fixed term)						
Commissioner	62000	63,240	64,504	65,794	67,109	68,452
costs						
Corporate	194000	199820	205,814	211,989	218,348	224,899
fixed costs						
Total fixed	1,408,230	1,446,745	1,444,798	1,510,987	1,580,321	1,652,958
costs						
Available	191,770	121,255	91,842	(5,080)	(104,532)	(206,685)
programme						
spend						

3. 2% Increase scenario:

- 2% year-on-year increase in grant-in-aid
- Staff costs rise 5% year-on-year
- Other fixed costs rise 3% year-on-year

	24/25	25/26	26/27	27/28	28/29	29/30
Grant-in-Aid	1,600,000	1,632,000	1,664,640	1,697,932	1,731,891	1,766,529
Staff costs (permanent)	1,065,288	1,118,552	1,174,480	1,233,204	1,294,864	1,359,607
Staff costs (fixed term)	86942	65133	0	0	0	0
Commissioner costs	62000	63,240	64,504	65,794	67,109	68,452
Corporate fixed costs	194000	199820	205,814	211,989	218,348	224,899
Total fixed costs	1,408,230	1,446,745	1,444,798	1,510,987	1,580,321	1,652,958
Available programme spend	191,770	185,255	219,842	186,945	151,570	113,571

Notes on scenarios:

• 'Corporate fixed costs' include: Office accommodation, IT provision, HR service, core TFC legal advice, audit provision.

 Available programme spend includes all other spend including research and projects; communications and events; staff/board training and development; corporate costs, travel and subsistence.

Implications for medium term financial strategy

The scenarios show the following:

- Based on our current split of fixed/flexible costs we would be able to continue to operate with a flat cash scenario but with reduced staff numbers from 2026/27 and 27/28 and we would need to reduce our delivery accordingly.
- By 28/29 a flat cash scenario would have significantly reduced the ability of the Commission to operate our current model which combines in-house expertise with the ability to contract research and specialist expertise. We would not have resource to operate our current model.
- In this scenario we would need to continue to deliver the statutory functions of the TFC and scale back significantly our policy and advice work and/or our good practice work supporting implementation of the Land Rights and Responsibilities Statement.
- If a 2% cut is applied to our grant-in-aid, the Commission can adjust over two
 years by reducing delivery but if applied year on year we would not be able to
 continue to operate our current scope of delivery. This scenario essentially
 brings forward the point at which we would no longer have resource to
 commission or bring in expertise and capacity in addition to reducing staff
 numbers.
- A 2% year-on-year increase in grant-in-aid has a significant impact in maintaining our delivery capacity. We would be able to continue to deliver broadly the current level of our policy and good practice work over the next three years.
- As stated above, these scenarios do not take into account any new functions and associated resource requirements that may come as a result of the land reform bill. The scenarios show that additional resource would be required to deliver these.

We identify the following ways in which we can manage our medium term financial strategy:

Staff turnover

We have a point of flexibility when fixed term posts end and/or when a
member of staff leaves. At present we are operating with no assumption that a
vacancy will be replaced. In each case the need for the post is carefully
reviewed in order to allow us to reduce the staffing level if necessary.

Efficiency savings

 The public service reform agenda expects us to continue to make year on year efficiency savings. The Commission has already delivered efficiencies

- through shared services for HR functions and co-location with HIE to reduce our office costs.
- There are limited additional savings to be found through core corporate operating costs. As a small NDPB there is a base level of resource required in people and systems to ensure good governance.
- Wider Scottish Government work currently underway on public service reform may create further options for shared service functions (eg IT provision) in future years and we will keep these under review.

Partnership and collaboration

- Our current model does not offer opportunities for alternative income sources, however we should seek to collaborate with others where it is possible to pool resources efficiently.
- For example this year we reached agreement with partners about more
 efficient joint spend on future land market monitoring, and we secured
 external project funding to support implementation of community benefits.

Recommendation

The Board is asked to consider the budget scenarios and agree the implications for our medium-term financial strategy.

Hamish Trench

Commissioners' Meeting 07 May 2024

Scottish Land Commission Conference PAPER 7

Purpose:	To provide an update to the Board on planning for the conference.
Previous board papers:	N/A
Action required:	For information

1.0 Overview

The Scottish Land Commission's fourth conference is due to be held at the MacDonald Resort in Aviemore on the 13 of June. The theme for this year's conference, *Pioneering Practice: Shaping Scotland's future through inclusive land ownership*, will explore innovative and practical approaches to reshaping ways Scotland's land is owned and seek to inform and drive thinking beyond the Land Reform Bill.

2.0 Programme

To help facilitate debate and discussion, the conference will be chaired by experienced broadcast journalist, John Morrison.

The opening address will be delivered by the Cabinet Secretary for Rural Affairs, Land Reform and Islands, Mairi Gougeon, subject to Parliamentary business.

As well as plenary sessions, the conference will also deliver a series of practical workshops on areas including; community benefits land and natural capital, land governance, and common grazing's in partnership with the Crofting Commission. A detailed programme for the day is included in Appendix A.

2.1 Role of Board Members

Commissioner's have been allocated to a workshop group where to help chair/facilitate the session. Staff will discuss specific arrangements for the workshops individually and more detail on practical arrangements will be provided nearer the time.

3.0 Event Registration and Speakers

At present we have 23 speakers from over 18 organisations confirmed.

Registration was opened on Tuesday the 16 of April and was initially shared with members of our mailing list. Prior to tickets being released, early access to the event registration was used as a lead magnet resulting in 59 new subscribers to our mailing list.

Tickets were registered quickly, and we are looking at ways to increase the number of people able to attend the event. The response suggests there is a strong appetite amongst stakeholders for events like this and confirms our ability to convene voices across the spectrum of land reform.

- 86% of the available tickets were registered via our mailing list
- All tickets were registered in less than 24 hours
- Our waiting list reached 70 before we closed the list
- A further 25 tickets will be released the w/c 29 April

3.1 Session Bookings

Session	Number of Delegates
Supporting small-scale – collaborative approaches for improving	50
access to land for small-scale land management and use	
Community collaboration in governance	35
Innovative governance to support housing delivery	14
Land governance - International experience and innovation	37
Community benefits, land and natural capital	40
Crofting – Common grazing's	23

4.0 Evaluation

Following the conference, we will also undertake an evaluation exercise to glean insights for future planning. This evaluation will be conducted through a post event questionnaire to gauge attendee feedback and insights. By doing so, we aim to gain valuable insights into the success of the conference, identify areas for improvement, and understand participants' expectations for future events. This feedback will also help to inform our future approach to public engagement and consider other opportunities to engage people with our work.

Scarlett Macfarlane

Communications and Engagement Manager

29 April 2024